

State of Texas  
Texas Senate

P.O. Box 12068  
Austin, Texas 78711-2068  
Phone (512) 463-0107  
Fax (512) 463-8810



11451 Katy Freeway, Suite 209  
Houston, Texas 77079  
Phone (713) 464-0282  
Fax (713) 461-0108

**Paul Bettencourt**  
DISTRICT 7

Paul.Bettencourt@senate.texas.tx.us

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**Contact Information**

Lauri Saathoff | (512) 463-0107  
Lauri.Saathoff@senate.texas.gov

**Slowing the Growth of Property Taxes and Government Revenue Will Save Taxpayers Money**  
*Sen. Bettencourt busts another property tax myth*

**HOUSTON** – Sen. Paul Bettencourt (R-Houston) today busted another property tax myth, stating that the claim that local governments are not increasing tax bills and revenues because they are not changing tax rates is simply not true.

**“Appraised values in many major Texas cities like Dallas, Houston, Austin and Fort Worth are up 12 percent. Without some sort of property tax rate reductions, government revenues will rise by 12 percent and so will tax bills,”** Sen. Bettencourt said. **“In 36 hours of public testimony, the Senate Select Committee on Property Tax Reform and Relief has heard one issue loud and clear: Property tax bills are growing three times faster than median income – taxing property owners out of their homes and businesses.**

**“Lowering property taxes and cutting the size of government is a pro-economic growth tax plan that would stop hard-earned taxpayer monies from being sent into government coffers around the State,”** he added.

Currently, city and county taxes on all existing properties can increase up to 8 percent annually plus new construction values and other items that are excluded without voter approval. This is why factoring in new properties can bring that number up to 12 percent each year. When total property taxes increase by 12 percent a year over three years, a city or county’s tax revenue increases 40 percent. The city or county’s revenue windfall comes at the expense of its businesses and homeowners, who face a 40 percent tax bill hike over that time – a burden that has already happened in Harris County and others, for example.

**“Data continues to show that all over the State, property tax revenue growth continues to increase at an untenable pace,”** Sen. Bettencourt stated. **“Property owners’ ability to pay the bills has got to come into government’s thinking. For example, cutting the current 12 percent annual property tax revenue growth over three years to 4 percent a year would mean a 28 percent savings for all taxpayers,”** the senator explained. **“Cutting property tax revenue growth not only cuts government spending but also cuts taxes paid. Tax savings each year would make a meaningful difference, for example, over the life of a mortgage.”**

